

# Python 3.7

## Language Features, OO Constructs, Framework, Pip Installers, IPython, Jupyter Notebooks, Testing

Python is the world's most versatile language. Unlike other languages that tend to be really good at one area but not so good at other areas, Python is really good at many areas. We see Python being successfully used for AI and machine learning, general application development, rich shell scripting, configuration, build systems, interactive notebooks, and lots more. Some of the largest technology companies in the world (e.g. Google) heavily use Python for their engineering and production systems. Some of the latest hot technologies (e.g. Keras and TensorFlow 2) use it extensively; so now is time for your team to use Python.

This fast-paced course covers all important aspects of Python programming., It is aimed at multi-disciplinary software engineers already experienced with object oriented programming using other languages. They will find much of their hard-earned knowledge easily transfers to Python programming – albeit delivered via a significantly simpler and more compact syntax. Invariably a given algorithm written in a different language when re-written in Python will result in smaller amounts of code, which is an excellent result (after all, the best developer writes the least amount of code).

<b>Contents of One-Day Training Course</b>	
<p><b>Target Audience</b> Developers wishing to create modern apps using the very latest version of Python.</p> <p><b>Prerequisites</b> Software developers with practical programming experience of an object-oriented languages such as C++, C#, or Java.</p> <p>No prior Python experience needed.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Python Tour</b></p> <p>What Python offers Feature tour What make Python different from competing languages Emphasis on clean syntax</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Language Constructs</b></p> <p>Common data types Control flow Loops Functions Regex</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OO Programming in Python</b></p> <p>Classes: layout, methods and attributes The <code>__init__()</code> method Inheritance Typing</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Runtime Features</b></p> <p>Memory management Generators Modules Multithreading &amp; locks (threading.py)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Error Handling</b></p> <p>Raising and catching exceptions (try, raise, except, ..) Designing with error handling in mind</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Framework</b></p> <p>The <a href="#">Python Standard Library</a> offers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* Collections</li> <li>* File I/O</li> <li>* Data access</li> <li>* Network programming</li> <li>* User interface</li> </ul>
	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Pip</b></p> <p>Standard installer Pip usage Python Packaging Index Virtual environments Python modules</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(Interactive) IPython</b></p> <p><a href="#">Interactive shell</a> that supports a wide range of Python features, from visualization to threading to data access Also useful for and other languages</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Jupyter Notebook</b></p> <p><a href="#">Jupyter Notebook</a> mixes code, execution results, visualizations and markdown content in a single deliverable</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Embedding Python</b></p> <p>Many apps could benefit from a built-in macro language and Python is optimum We explore how to easily embed Python runtime in your custom application</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Testing</b></p> <p>Exploring Python's testing infrastructure Unit testing – what's similar &amp; different Mocking Debugging</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Interacting with C</b></p> <p>Most OS APIs are written in C How Python and C code can interact – threading, memory, lifecycles, exceptions Handling common data types &amp; constructs</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Project</b></p> <p>Using Python in a larger project to highlight its real-world capabilities</p>